

# EAL (English as an Additional Language) Policy

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# **Purpose**

In this policy, the term 'English as an Additional Language' (EAL) refers to students whose main language at home is a language other than English.

Students with EAL will face various difficulties throughout their academic life. Students' aptitude for English will vary, but many will face barriers to learning, accessing the curriculum and reaching their full potential. Students with EAL must learn in and through another language. In addition, they may come from different cultural backgrounds to their peers and face different expectations of language, education, and learning. This policy details the procedures to support students who come to school with little knowledge of English in addition to severe communication needs.

This policy has been established to ensure all students with EAL at the school are given the best chance possible to reach their full potential.

Ash Meadow School aims to:

- Welcome the cultural, linguistic, and educational experiences students with EAL contribute to the school.
- Ensure strategies are in place to support students with EAL.
- Enable students with EAL to become confident, and to acquire the communication skills needed to reach their full academic potential.

Our strategic objectives are to:

- Provide a welcoming atmosphere for newly arrived students with EAL.
- Assess the skills and needs of students with EAL.
- Gather accurate information regarding children's backgrounds, cultures, and abilities.
- Equip teachers and support staff with the necessary skills, resources, and knowledge to support students with EAL.
- Use all available resources to raise the attainment of students with EAL.
- Systematically monitor students' progress and adapt policies and procedures accordingly.
- Ensure all children's languages, cultures and identities are represented in classrooms and throughout the school.
- Maximise opportunities to model the fluent use of English.



• Ensure students with EAL are acknowledged for their skills in their own languages.

# Legal framework

This policy has due regard to legislation and guidance including, but not limited to, the following:

- Childcare Act 2006
- Education Act 2002
- The UK General Data Protection Regulation (UK GDPR)
- Data Protection Act 2018
- DfE (2014) 'The Equality Act and schools'
- DfE (2018) 'Promoting the education of looked after children and previously looked after children'.
- DfE (2018) 'Equality Act 2010: advice for schools'
- DfE (2018) 'Mental health and wellbeing provision in schools'

This policy should be read in conjunction with the following school policies:

- Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) Policy
- Supporting Students with Medical Conditions Policy
- Admissions Policy
- Anti-bullying Policy
- Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy
- Equality & Diversity Policy

#### Roles and responsibilities

The governance team will have overall responsibility for the implementation of this policy.

The headteacher will be responsible for:

- Ensuring that those who are teaching or working with students with EAL are aware of their needs and have arrangements in place to meet them.
- Ensuring that teachers monitor and review students' progress during the academic year.



- Appointing a member of staff to lead on the school's approach to supporting students with EAL.
- Providing the EAL lead with sufficient administrative support and time away from teaching to enable them to fulfil their responsibilities.
- Ensuring that procedures and policies for the day-to-day running of the school do not directly or indirectly discriminate against students with EAL.
- Ensuring that the approach to the curriculum includes how it is made accessible for students with EAL.

### The EAL lead will be responsible for:

- The induction of newly arrived students.
- Conducting initial assessments of students with EAL.
- Teaching small groups of students with EAL and providing classroom support.
- Liaising with teaching staff on support for students with EAL.
- Advising on strategies to support and include students with EAL and on ways to differentiate work for students with EAL.
- Encouraging and supporting students to maintain and develop their first language.
- Facilitating students' use of first language national examinations.
- Developing relationships between the school and parents of students with EAL.
- Securing and providing training to ensure staff development.
- Acting as consultants to staff on language-related issues and equal opportunity and race equality issues.
- Ensuring continuity of support and maintaining contact with other professionals involved, as well as parents and students.
- Working closely with the SENCO to develop individual transition plans tailored to the specific needs of children with additional needs.

# All staff members will be responsible for:

- Ensuring all written work includes the technical requirements of language as well as the meaning.
- Providing a good model of spoken English.



- Where possible, using a variety of types of text to explore their subject and through the varied use of English.
- Ensuring the inclusion of students with EAL in their classrooms.
- Identifying students with EAL who are experiencing difficulties and ensuring intervening measures are taken to aid the student.
- Planning activities that aim to ease students' anxieties and make them feel prepared for their next stage of learning.

## Support

Students with severe communication needs have a right to additional bilingual support. Parents of students with severe communication difficulties and for whom English is not their first language may also need bilingual support.

Where a student with EAL is assessed as having little to no English, support will be provided in the form of induction classes. These classes focus on practical, everyday English. During the induction period, typically lasting six weeks, but varying dependant on students' progress, students will still take part in PE, art and maths classes. In-class support and small group work is utilised as soon as the student can be successfully integrated into the classroom environment. The student will still spend time with their intervention teacher on a daily basis.

Other methods of support that the school will provide, includes:

- Communication Boards
- Electronic communication devices
- Choice boards
- Now and next boards
- Visual timetables

#### Inclusion

The school utilises a strategy of inclusion, and the positive and effective use of language. The strategy includes the following principles:

 There is an understanding throughout the school, for both staff and students, that a limited knowledge of English does not reflect a lack of ability or knowledge. Appreciating a student's ability to speak their own first language is essential for building their confidence and self-esteem.



- The language development of students is the responsibility of the entire school community.
- Mainstream and support departments will work together to ensure optimal outcomes are achieved.
- Diversity will be valued, and classrooms will be socially inclusive.
- Teachers will be knowledgeable about students' abilities in English and use their knowledge to inform lesson planning and schemes of work may be rewritten to accommodate low levels of English, whilst maintaining the subject content and level of challenge.
- Where large groups of students with EAL speak the same language, the school encourages wider integration to promote inclusion and to improve students' understanding of English.

#### Initial assessments

- When students first join the school, they will undertake a timely initial assessment to gauge students' English abilities in an informal manner that does not make the student feel isolated or inferior.
- The assessment will be carried out using the form provided in Appendix 1.
- Initial assessments are carried out by the EAL lead, and completed assessments are held on the student's profile.
- Teachers of the student will be allowed access to the assessment to inform their teaching and lesson planning. The student and their parents may view the assessment at any time.

## Classroom practice

Teachers have high expectations of all students.

Classroom activities will be matched to students' needs and abilities with visual supports being utilised where possible.

Teachers will consider common misconceptions and language barriers, such as reading '3  $\times$  3', where ' $\times$ ' is read as the letter and not a function and clarify meanings accordingly.

Where possible, the following practices will be utilised to improve students' literacy:

- Utilisation of the student's first language expertise.
- The provision of writing frames.



The use of props.

Language skills will be developed through:

- Collaborative activities involving spoken communication.
- Feedback opportunities and conversations.
- Good models provided by peers.

Active participation will be encouraged by:

- Grouping students in mixed ability groups to develop language skills.
- 'Expert' readers and writers present in each group to aid and model language.

Classroom displays will reflect cultural and linguistic diversity.

Assessment methods will allow students to show what they can do in all curriculum areas.

Bilingual dictionaries are available to aid students with EAL, and dual language textbooks are available and used where possible.

Prior to any private tuition or one-to-one support, the student is informed of the purpose of the session and the objectives.

#### Access to the curriculum

The needs of students with EAL are considered by teachers when planning lessons. When planning lessons, teachers will ensure that:

- The language and learning demands of the curriculum are analysed and support is provided.
- Visual support is utilised to provide greater understanding of key concepts.
- There are opportunities for students to use their first language in the classroom.
- The support requirements of students with EAL are identified and the support is made available.

## Working with parents

Liaison with parents is vital to the creation of a strong home and school partnership, which can ensure the development of students with EAL. To aid this partnership, the school will:



- Actively seek to put parents at ease by providing a welcoming environment conducive to productive discussions.
- Provide interpreters for meetings when needed.
- Ensure the language used in letters to parents is clear and straightforward.
- Where appropriate, have teachers read through the letter with students before sending the letter home, to ensure the message is clear.
- Where necessary, ensure translations of school documents are carried out and provided to parents of students with EAL.
- Encourage parents to attend parents' evenings and participate in school functions.
- Invite parents to school to help with class activities, such as cooking, reading and class outings, where appropriate.
- Encourage parents to become involved with homework through shared reading schemes and language-based homework.
- Plan activities in a way that ensures they do not clash with religious/community commitments.

#### Students with SEND

A child is not regarded to have SEND solely because their home language is different from the language in which they are taught at school.

A proportion of students with EAL may have one or more types of SEND and it is imperative that this is identified at an early stage. Assessments of Special Educational Needs of students with EAL will involve EAL specialists along with SEND specialists.

Where appropriate, the school will arrange an assessment in the child's first language and SEND support will be decided on an individual basis in the manner outlined within the school's Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) Policy.

The school will ensure that the parents or carers of a student with SEND are not prevented from presenting their views throughout the process and are clearly informed at every stage.

## Monitoring and review

The headteacher will review this policy on an annual basis, considering feedback from practitioners on the effectiveness of the identified support for transition and in light of changes to the law or statutory guidance, and will make any changes necessary.



# **Appendices**

# 1. First Language Assessment Form

Student's name	
Assessed by	
Language	
Date	

Is the student's social/linguistic behaviour age-appropriate?	Y/N
Does the student understand a range of questions, instructions and a story, told in their first language?	Y/N
Is the student's speech clearly articulated?	Y/N
Is the student able to speak accurately at a social level?	Y/N
Is the student's vocabulary appropriate/sophisticated/limited?	Y/N



Does the student use correct grammatical structures?	Y/N
Can the student talk about the past, present and future using correct verbal forms?	Y/N
Do you have any concerns?	Y/N
Do you have any comments regarding the student's social interaction with you during the assessment?	Y/N
Can the student read and write in their first language?	Y/N
Can the student complete age-appropriate mathematics tasks with	Y/N
limited language context?	



# Policy Revision Log

Policy Title: EAL (English as an Additional Language) Policy

Revision Number	Date of Revision	Nature of Revision
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		