

Ash Meadow School Key Stage 3 Curriculum

Learning, developing, engaging, participating, creating, exploring, interacting and having the best life possible!

Students will study a range of national curriculum subjects which include:

English

Communication including the Read Write Inc Programme and other programmes if needed on an individual basis. Communication devices are assessed and used to support non-verbal students (e.g., Speak for Yourself Application AAC on iPad)

Mathematics

Science

Computing

PSHE/RSE (which includes British Values and protected characteristics)

Humanities (including Geography, History and Religious Education)

Expressive Arts (DT, Food Technology, Drama and Music)

Modern Foreign Languages

Physical Education including swimming, trampolining,

The specialist teaching team in the Key Stage 3 provision work closely with the students care teams and families to promote transferring learning from the education environment to real-life situations. All students receive speech and language and occupational therapy support at a level that is appropriate to their learning needs. During Year 9, students will start to choose their preferred subjects as 'options' and 'enrichment' days.

The Key Stage 3 curriculum is aimed at students who are developing at Key Stage 3 level and not necessarily at Key Stage 3 in age, Once all knowledge and skills are embedded students will progress to the next Key Stage and/or AQA units depending on age and individual student needs.



Key stage 1	Key stage 2	Key stage 3	AQA units AQA entry level	AQA level 1 or 2	Supported living. Independent living. College Volunteering
			Work experien	nce placements.	Work.
Key stage 1	Key stage 2	Key stage 3	AQA level 1	AQA level 2	College Future education Independent living
			Work experien	nce placements.	work

				Key Stage 3			
SUBJECT	ΓAREA	TEF	RM 1	TER	M 2	TER	M 3
		Storytelling	Myths and Legends	Poems Through The Ages	The Great British Novel	Travel Writing	Toy adverts
ENGLISH- Read Write Inc Programme - Fresh Start	READIN G	A Monster Calls by Patrick Ness Understand the differences between fiction and non-fiction Structuring a story Students who need extra support will follow the RWI scheme and explore Fresh Start to enhance their reading skills.	Read a range of myths and stories involving legendary figures and mythical creatures. The function and purpose of myths and legends in society.	Poems from history Read, watch, and listen to a range of poetry Poet Laureate, A war poet - WW1 poets, The Romantics, performance poetry	The Chronicles of Narnia	Travel brochures, guides and read trip adviser	Look at adverts in catalogues, newspaper and on TV
	WRITIN G	Accurate writing (SPaG) write a short story based on the extract	Write about the character or setting in 'Sir Gawain and the Green Knight'	write a poem about an historical event	British Values and the Literary Canon, linking to careers in	Write an original piece of travel writing.	Write an article about a new toy that is coming out.



		(A Monster Calls by Patrick Ness) or continue the story Students will take part in handwriting schemes to enhance handwriting skills.	(higher) or 'Beowulf' (lower) Write the opening to an original myth or legend	write a poem from a different cultures and social ideas.	writing, journalism, education. write a newspaper article about an event in the novel.		
	S&L	Using language for effect Tone, Audience, Purpose Non-fiction genre conventions Develop confidence in communication skills.	Morals and parables Structural and language techniques Discus spiritual beliefs and British society.	Poetic techniques (language, form and structure).	Language and structure techniques – using terminology from that era.	Genre conventions from blogs and brochures to memoirs Identify tone, audience, and purpose.	Justifying my point – what language you would use to persuade people to bye your toy.
				Key Stage 3			
CLID JEC.		TERM 1		TER	M 2	TER	2M 3
SUBJEC	IAKEA	A History of English		Literary	Shorts	Detective Fiction	
ENGLISH- Read Write Inc Programme - Fresh Start	Read Write Inc Programme - Fresh Start to enhance their reading skills		Read a range of short s genres/ authors Structuring a story	stories – different	Read a whole detective independently	e novel, mostly	
Start	WRITING		ange and technology.	Write an original short	story which	Develop independent s setting, structure, them	ne.
		Students will take part in handwriting schemes to enhance handwriting skills.		demonstrates the conventions of a specific genre		Write a police account from the early 1800s and one about a crime today.	



S&L	Archaic language, etyl Emojis, slang, Standar Language change ove	d English	Genre conventions Using language for effe	ct	Detective language How criminal language	has changed through
	Dialect.		osing language for effe		history.	
	TER	RM 1	TERI	M 2	TER	M 3
	Shakes	speare	Taking A	Stand	Seminal World Liter	rature
READING	Read a whole Shakes	peare play in depth	Read a range of literati genres and cultures, esp		Read extract analysis o Kill A Mockingbird or Of	
READINO	Students who need e follow the RWI schem Start to enhance thei	e and explore Fresh	Read and research arounewspaper articles	und the topic e.g.,	Students to learn abou and various other belie- world.	
	Write a scrip in Shakespearean style Write an Eyewitness account of the play				In a world where people educated than they we racism, discrimination o	re on issues such as
WRITING			Develop an understanding of how literature can be used to show a writer's viewpoint Write about their own opinions confidently descriptive writing task based on an image		important that future generations are aware of different cultures, religions and issues that are prevalent across the globe.	
	Students will take part in handwriting schemes to enhance handwriting skills.		accompanie annual grace a consumus gr		Write about how times have changed and what they would like the world to be like in the future.	
S&L	Discuss drama in perfo character, theme, cont		Talk about their own ex Interviewing other abou lives.	•	Discuss characters, the and craft a detailed and a text	
			Key Stage 3			
CUD JECT A DE A	TER	NA 1	TED	4.0	TED	MO
SUBJECT AREA	Number	RM 1 Algebra	TERI Number	에 근 Algebra	TER Number	M 3 Algebra
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INTEGERS & FOUR	INTERPRETATION:	FRACTIONS,	EXPRESSION:	ROUNDING,	EQUATION:
OPERATIONS:	Understanding	DECIMALS &	Understanding	ESTIMATING AND	Understanding
decimals, order,	algebraic notation	PERCENTAGES:	algebraic	CALCULATING: Place	formulae
prime numbers,		standard units,	expressions	value ordering and	
factors, use inverse		rounding decimals,		comparing.	
to check		parts of 100.			
Probability	Statistics	Probability	Statistics	Probability	Statistics
FREQUENCY OF	MEAN, MODE &	SETS: present data in	TABLES, CHARTS &	CALCULATE	GRAPHS: Identify
OUTCOMES &	MEDIAN: Describe	tables.	DIAGRAMS :Group	PROBABILITIES:	relationships in data
SUM=1: Probability	grouped data		data in tables,	Single events	
scale 0-1			charts.	construct on grid	
Geometry &	Ratio, Proportion	Geometry &	Ratio, Proportion	Geometry &	Ratio, Proportion
Measures	and Rates of	Measures	and Rates of	Measures	and Rates of
	Change		Change		Change
PROPERTIES OF	RATIO: Dividing	CALCULATING AREA	PROPORTION:	ANGLES AND	RATES OF CHANGE:
2D & 3D SHAPES:	quantities into parts.	& PERIMETER OF	understanding	COORDINATES: angle	Percentage change
Draw, Faces,		SHAPES: 2D shapes	proportions	properties,	
edges, vertices,				coordinates and	
symmetry, parallel				polygons	
lines.					
Number	Algebra	Number	Algebra	Number	Algebra
INTEGERS & FOUR OPERATIONS: decimals, order, prime numbers, factors, use inverse to check, powers.	RATIO: understanding multiplicative quantities as ratios	FRACTIONS, DECIMALS & PERCENTAGES: standard units, rounding decimals, comparing.	EXPRESSION: Simplifying algebraic expressions	ROUNDING, ESTIMATING AND CALCULATING: Rounding integers and decimals.	EQUATION: Using formulae
Probability	Statistics	Probability	Statistics	Probability	Statistics



	FREQUENCY OF OUTCOMES & SUM=1: Record, describe equal and unequal.	INTERPRETATION: Creating algebraic notation	SETS: present data in grids.	TABLES, CHARTS & DIAGRAMS: Group data in line and bar charts	CALCULATE PROBABILITIES: Dual events	GRAPHS: Describe relationships in data
	Geometry & Measures	Ratio, Proportion and Rates of Change	Geometry & Measures	Ratio, Proportion and Rates of Change	Geometry & Measures	Ratio, Proportion and Rates of Change
MATHS	PPROPERTIES OF 2D & 3D SHAPES: Draw, Faces, edges, vertices, symmetry, parallel lines., rotation, reflections	MEAN, MODE & MEDIAN: Describe and interpret grouped data	CALCULATING PERIMETER OF SHAPES: 3D shapes	PROPORTION: Demonstrating proportions	ANGLES AND COORDINATES: similarity and congruence polygons and perimeter	RATES OF CHANGE: Percentage increase and decrease
	Number	Algebra	Number	Algebra	Number	Algebra
	INTEGERS & FOUR OPERATIONS: decimals, order, prime numbers, factors, use inverse to check, powers, root, brackets. BIDMAS	RATIO: notation to simplest form	FRACTIONS, DECIMALS & PERCENTAGES: standard units, rounding decimals, comparing, converting.	EXPRESSION: Manipulating algebraic expressions	ROUNDING, ESTIMATING AND CALCULATING: Estimating calculations by rounding	EQUATION: Rearranging formulae
	Probability	Statistics	Probability	Statistics	Probability	Statistics
	FREQUENCY OF OUTCOMES & SUM=1: Record, describe analyse, all equal sum of 1.	INTERPRETATION: Substituting algebraic notation	SETS: present data in Venn diagrams	TABLES, CHARTS & DIAGRAMS: Group data in pie charts & pictograms	CALCULATE PROBABILITIES: Multiple events.	GRAPHS: Represent data in different types of graphs



Geometry & Measures	Ratio, Proportion and Rates of Change	Geometry & Measures	Ratio, Proportion and Rates of Change	Geometry & Measures	Ratio, Proportion and Rates of Change
PPROPERTIES OF 2D & 3D SHAPES: Draw, symmetry, parallel /perpendicular lines., rotation, reflections, translations	MEAN, MODE, RANGE & MEDIAN; Describe, interpret & compare grouped data	CALCULATING VOLUME OF SHAPES: 3D Shapes	PROPORTION: Solving proportion problems	ANGLES AND COORDINATES: , Pythagoras theorem polygons , perimeter and area.	RATES OF CHANGE: Use graphs to show increase or decrease proportion scatter graph.

Key Stage 3

SUBJECT AREA	TE	RM 1	TE	RM 2	TER	М 3
	Biology Cells and Organisation	Chemistry States of matters and separating mixtures	Physics	Biology Reproduction	Chemistry Atoms and the period periodic table.	Physics Forces
SCIENCE	Students will learn an overview of the organisation of living things from single cells through to organ systems. They will start to look at how the structural differences between types of cells allows them to perform specific	This unit aims to give pupils an understanding of the particulate nature of matter, the difference in arrangements of particles in solids, liquids and gases based on the particle model, how matter can change from one state to another and the movement of	Energy changes and transfers Energy as a quantity Conditions of system Physical processes and mechanisms rather than energy Comparing energy values Comparing power ratings of appliances Fuel bills	To learn about plant reproduction Flower structure Wind and insect pollination fertilisation To learn about human reproduction. Male and female reproduction systems. Menstrual cycle	Learn the difference between atoms, elements, compounds, and mixtures. Become familiar with the periodic table and where to locate different types of elements. Explore how properties vary between groups of	To identify contact and non-contact forces To identify and measure forces. To investigate what happens to mass and weight on different planets. To investigate air resistance in



functions within the	particles in terms of	Fuel and energy	Gametes, fertilisation,	elements and how	parachutes.
organism. They will explore how the skeletal and muscular systems work together to cause movement.	diffusion. The second half of this unit focuses on mixtures, solubility and how mixtures can be separated using a variety of techniques including filtration, evaporation, distillation and chromatography.	resources	gestation and girth.	these properties impact the uses of each element	To investigate the amount of friction caused by different surfaces. To investigate how to reduce resistive forces. To investigate how the force added to a spring affects the extension of the spring.

	Biology	Chemistry	Physics Electricity and magnetism	Biology	Chemistry	Physics Space
:	Health and the human body Structure & functions of gas exchange system in humans Mechanism of breathing to move air in & out of the lungs Impact of exercise Healthy human diet	Chemical reactions The difference between chemical & physical change Conservation of mass in changes of state & chemical reactions. Chemical reactions as the rearrangement of action	Electric current Differences in resistance between conducting & insulating components Separation of positive or negative charge Magnetic poles, attractions & repulsion Magnetic fields by plotting with compass	Photosynthesis and respiration Leaf stomata in gas exchange in plants. Plants making carbohydrates by photosynthesis The dependence of almost all life on Earth on the ability of photosynthetic organisms. Leaves for photosynthesis. Aerobic respiration	Earth and Atmosphere The composition of the Earth. The Structure of the Earth. The rock cycle & the formation of igneous sedimentary & metamorphic rocks The carbon cycles	Our sun as a star Other stars in our galaxy Other galaxies. The seasons, day length, hemispheres The light year as a unit of astronomical distance.



	Tissues &organs of	Chemical reactions	Earths magnetism		The composition of	
	human digestive	using formulae &	compass &		the atmosphere	
	system	using equations.	navigation		·	
			The magnetic effects		The production of	
	Importance of	Combustion, thermal	of a current.		carbon dioxide by	
	bacteria	decomposition,			human activity & the	
		oxidation &			impact on climate.	
		displacement			·	
		reactions.				
			DI	Biology	Chemistry	
			Physics	Ecosystems and	Materials and	Physics
	Biology	Chemistry	Motion and	interdependence	recycling	Waves
			pressure	interacpendence	recycling	114155
		Acids and Alkalis				
		Defining acids &				Waves on water
	Inheritance and	alkalis in terms of	Speed & the	Interdependence of		Frequencies of
	evolution	neutralisation	quantitative	organisms in an	Earth as a source of	sounds
		reaction.	relationships	ecosystem	limited resources &	
	Heredity as the		between average	·	the efficacy of	Sound produced by
	process by which	The Ph scale for	speed, distance, and	Food webs	'	,
	genetic information	measuring reaction	time.		recycling	vibrations
	is transmitted.	of acids with metals		Insect pollination		
		to produce a salt	Distance-time graph		The order of metals &	Auditory range
	Chromosomes,	plus hydrogen	Relative motion	Importance of plant	carbon in the	
	genes & DNA		Forces being needed	reproduction	obtaining metals from	Similarities &
	Difference between	Reactions of acids	Changes dependent		metal oxides	difference between
	species	with alkalis to	on direction	How organisms		light waves
		produce a salt plus		affect, and are	Properties of ceramic	3
	Changes in the	water	Atmospheric	affected	polymers &	Light waves
	environment may	E	pressure	D' II II	' '	
	leave individuals	Exothermic &	Pressure in liquids	Biodiversity and the	composites.	travelling through a
	within species.	endothermic	Ratio of force.	use in gene banks		vacuum.
		chemical reactions				
		What catalysts do.				
			Key Stage 3			
SUBJECT AREA	TEI	RM 1	TEF	RM 2	TER	M 3



The history of ICT	The impact of ICT on society	Online Safety	
Technology through time microchip technology. Computers and consoles Hardware similarities Operating systems The internet Mobile devices Algorithms	ICT in the workplace Working from home Advantages and disadvantages for the employee Shopping online Collecting information about customers New ways to access entertainment Health and safety Internet communication	Online dangers	
Designing an algorithm Searching Sorting Sequencing Selection iteration Logical reasoning	What is the internet? How did the internet originate? What is the World Wide Web? Transferring information via the internet Using HTML to create websites Using email to communicate Using VoIP and video conferencing	Search engines Gearch engines How search engines work Refining searches using Boolean expressions Using 'AND' Using 'OR' Using 'NOT' Using quotes to remove results	
Hardware & software	Programming	Computer science	
Digital devices Software The CPU & the fetch-execute cycle introduction to networks	Induction to programming Selection in programming Boolean Logic Arrays & lists Procedures & functions writing error-free code	Introduction to computational thinking Decomposition Abstraction Algorithms Evaluating solutions	
	Technology through time microchip technology. Computers and consoles Hardware similarities Operating systems The internet Mobile devices Algorithms Designing an algorithm Searching Sorting Sequencing Selection iteration Logical reasoning Hardware & software Digital devices Software The CPU & the fetch-execute cycle	Technology through time microchip technology. Computers and consoles Hardware similarities Operating systems The internet Mobile devices Algorithms Designing an algorithm Searching Sorting Sequencing Selection iteration Logical reasoning Hardware & software Digital devices Internet Software Collecting information about customers New ways to access entertainment Health and safety Internet communication What is the internet? How did the internet originate? What is the World Wide Web? Transferring information via the internet Using HTML to create websites Using email to communicate Using VoIP and video conferencing Induction to programming Selection in programming Boolean Logic Arrays & lists Procedures & functions	



SUBJECT AREA	TERM 1		TEF	RM 2	TERM 3		
			Geo	graphy			
	What is Geography?	Fantastic Places	Why are settlements important places?	Why are maps important in geography?	What is weather and climate?	Why do different climates create different ecosystems?	
HUMANITIES (Geography, history, religious education)	1. What is Geography? 2. Can you locate the continents and oceans? 3. What makes a good geographer? 4. What types of scale do geographers use? 5. How do you carry out an investigation in geography? 6. Can you use an atlas? 7. How do geographers use latitude and longitude? 8. What are the major features of the United Kingdom's geography?	1. What are the wonders of the world? 2. Is China overpopulated? 3. Is there inequality in India? 4. How did the Himalayas form? 5. Why is the Great Barrier Reef under threat? 6. Why is Hawaii volcanic? 7. What are the challenges in the Brazilian favelas? 8. How did Victoria Falls form? 9. Who built Stonehenge? 10. Is Russia a superpower? 11. Why is the Middle East an important region of the world?	1. Why are settlements important places? 2. How do we describe patterns of rural settlements? 3. How and why do settlements grow? 4. Can we classify settlements by their size and importance? 5. How are urban areas similar in terms of land use? 6. What are the challenges and opportunities of settlement growth? 7. What are the pressures at the rural-urban fringe?	1. What makes a good map? 2. What are the OS map symbols? 3. How do we use grid references? 4. How do we measure distance on a map? 5. How is direction shown on a map? 6. How is height shown on a map? 7. How can we navigate an orienteering course?	1. What is weather and climate? 2. How do we measure the weather? 3. What is low pressure weather? 4. What is high pressure weather? 5. How can extremely weather cause natural disasters?	1. What are the Earth's major biomes? 2. Why are rocks and soil important? 3. How is energy transferred throughout an ecosystem? 4. Why are the tropical rainforests important ecosystems? 5. How does life adapt to the desert climate? 6. Why is biodiversity under threat?	
			Hi	istory			



What is History?	Why was there a crisis in 1066?	What was life like in Medieval England?	Why were Medieval monarchs challenged?	Why were Indians called savage?	How did Henry VII consolidate powers for the Tudor dynasty?
1. What is history? 2. What is the history of our school? 3. what is the history of the local area? 4. Why is chronology important? 5. What types of evidence do historians use? 6. What is the difference between fact & opinion?	1. What was England like in 1066 2. Who were the contenders for the crown in 1066? 3. What happened at the Battle of Stamford Bridge? 4. Why did William win the Battle of Hastings? 5. Why is the Bayeux tapestry a useful piece of evidence for historians? 6. How did William gain control of England? 7. How did castles develop? 8. How did the Feudal system and Domesday Book keep control?	1. What were living conditions in medieval towns like? 2. What was medicine like in the medieval period? Women's History Month – What was life like for women in Medieval England? 3. What caused the Black Death? 4. What were the effects of the Black Death? 5. Was the Black death a disaster? Black History Month Why do we know so little about Black individuals in Medieval Europe?	1. Why was Matilda not made Queen of England? 2. What happened to Thomas Becket? 3. What sort of person was King John? 4. Why was the Magna Carta signed? 5. Why did the peasant's revolt? 6. What was the legacy of the peasants' revolt? 7. Was the peasants' revolt a success?	1. Who were the first settlers of the Americas? 2. Who were the Native Americans? 3. What were the rituals & customs of the Native Americans? 4. Why did the Sioux tribe live in Tipis? 5. Why was the buffalo important to the Sioux tribe? 6. Why was there conflict between the Europeans & Natives? 7. What was the battle of Little Bighorn? 8. Who were the key individuals of the Native Indian tribes?	1. Why did the Tudors become the rulers of England in 1485? 2. How did Henry VII win the Battle of Bosworth? 3. Was henry VII a good king? 4. What is Henry VII's legacy?



DEI	IGIOUS	EDI	$\Gamma \wedge T$	
REL	IGIOUS	ヒレし	$\cup A \sqcup$	

Christian Beliefs	The Hindu Belief in God	Jewish Beliefs		
Christian worship				
The trinity	Main Beliefs	The Nature of the Almighty		
Creation	Hindu Gods & Goddesses	Main beliefs		
Incarnation	Symbolism in Hinduism	The importance of Bar and Bat		
The life of Jesus	Places of Worship	The Messiah		
Jesus and salvation	Festivals	Festivals		
Christian Pilgrimage	Life after death	Life after death		
Life and Death				

GEOGRAPHY

	GLOGRAPHI								
Why is important to live sustainably?	Studying a Newly Emerging Economy – Brazil	How do rivers shape our landscape?	Is there a global population crisis?	Why is tourism an important industry?	Does money make the world go round?				
1. What is sustainable development? 2. How can cities be green? 3. Why is a loss of biodiversity a potential disaster? 4. How should we generate energy? 5. What is the most suitable form of renewable energy for different villages? 6. What are the causes of climate	1. Where is Brazil? 2. How diverse are Brazil's physical features? 3. What is life like in Brazil? 4. How is Brazil's population distributed? 5. How does Rio de Janeiro differ from Minas Gerais? 6. Why do people live in favelas? 7. How did sport bring conflict and opportunity to Rio de	1. How does water travel around the world? 2. What is a drainage basin? 3. How do rivers wear away the landscape? 4. Why are waterfalls formed? 5. What landforms are found in the middle course? 6. How are floodplains and levees made?	1. How has population changed over time? 2. Should we be concerned about population growth? 3. How do population pyramids vary depending on a country's level of development? 4. How useful is the Demographic Transition Model? 5. What is rural to urban migration? 6. What were the impacts of China's	1. Is tourism a force for good or bad? 2. What are the impacts of tourism in National Parks? 3. How does Kenya benefit from international tourism? 4. What is ecotourism?	1. What is globalisation? 2. What are the four types of economic activity? 3. What is the informal economy? 4. What are food miles? 5. Why did Dilip change his name to David? 6. Do TNCs bring positives or negatives to a country?				



change? 7. What are the impacts of clima		7. What can we learn from a flood hydrograph?	one child policy? 7. What happened to the inhabitants of		
change? 8. How can we reduce the risk of	9. Why is the leader of the Kayapo tribe crying?	8. What happened in Boscastle in 2004?	Easter Island?		
climate change?					
		HIS	STORY		
Did the Renaissand	e Was Elizabeth a	Why was the	How did the Industrial	What impact did the British Empire	Why was WW1 considered to be
transform Europe?	successful ruler?	world turned upside down?	Revolution change the world?	have on its colonies?	the war to end all wars?
1. Why did the Tudors become rulers of England 1485? 2. Was Henry VI good king? 3. Why was ther Reformation? 4. What problem did Henry VIII had by 1530? 5. Why were the monasteries important to modifferent people Tudor times? 6. Why did Henry VIII dissolve the	becoming Queen of England in 1558? 2. Why didn't Elizabeth marry? 3. How did Elizabeth deal with the problem of Mary Queen of Scots? 4. Why did the Spanish Armada fail in 1588? ny 5. How did Elizabeth deal the problem of the poor? y 6. How different were the lives of the	1. Who held power in the 17th Century? 2. Who made up the two armies in the Civil War? 3. Why did the Parliamentarians win? 4. Why was Charles executed? 5. Who was Thomas Cromwell? 6. Why did England appoint a King again?	1. How did Britain change between 1500-1750? 2. What were the living conditions in industrial towns? 3. Why were factories dangerous places to work in? 4. What forms of punishment were used in industrial towns? 5. How did transport develop during the industrial revolution? 6. How did Britain's Empire assist the	1. What was the British Empire? 2. What is slavery? 3. How did the Trade Triangular system work? 4. How were slaves captured & transported 5. What was lifelike on the Plantations? 6. Why was slave Trade abolished? 7. What was the Underground Railroad?	1. What were the causes of WWI? 2. How did the Alliance system lead to WWI? 3. Why was Franz Ferdinand assassinated? 4. Why did so many volunteer? 5. What was life like in the trenches? 6. What weapons were used during WWI? 7. How did the war affect the soldiers?
monasteries? 7. How did Edward VI change the Church of Engla 8. Was Mary bla or misunderstoo 9. What	England? 7. What can we learn ody from the portraits of		industrial revolution?		



developments were made during the renaissance? Black History Month Who were the Black Tudors?	Elizabethan theatre so popular?	Women's History Month How were women involved in the English Civil War?			
		RELIGIOUS	EDUCAITON		
Religious	founders	The Five Pil	lars of Islam	The Life of	a Buddha
Jesus' son of God Jesus miracle or myth Prophet Muhammed The revelation of the Qur'an The prophet Abraham - Jewish The Life Buddha		Islamic beliefs and teaching Islamic Prayer Islamic charity Tawhid & Shirk The Qur'an, Islamic prayer Places of worship Festivals Life after death.		The birth of the Buddha Buddhist life Buddhas Teaching The four Sights The Enlightenment of the Buddha Places of worship Festivals Life after death.	
		GEOGRAPHY			
What are living standards like in different countries around the world?	The study of plate tectonics	Polar regions and climate change	What do we find at the coast?	The Geography of Crime	Asian Study – Japan
1. What is global development and how is it measured? 2. How can development indicators help us compare countries? 3. What was the	1. What causes earthquakes and volcanoes? 2. Why was the Mount Pele eruption so deadly? 3. What happens when two tectonic	1. What is the difference between the Arctic and the Antarctic? 2. Who was Captain Scott? 3. Who owns Antarctica?	 What are the two types of waves? What are the main coastal processes? How does erosion create sea stacks? What is a spit? How can we protect 	 What are the links between crime and geography? How can GIS help solve crimes? What are the impacts of crime on 	 What makes Japan special? What is Japan's physical geography? What makes Japanese culture so unique? Why is population



Brandt line and how did it map development around the world? 4. How does employment link to development? 5. Why is trade unfair? 6. Is Kenya a HIC or LIC? 7. What is poverty? 8. How do diseases affect a country's development? 9. What is aid?	plates meet? 4. How do hazards vary at different plate margins? 5. What are the different types of volcanoes? 6. Why was Eyjafjallajökull a memorable eruption? 7. Could the Chinese earthquake of 2008 be prevented? 8. What is a tsunami?	4. Why are the ecosystems unique in the polar regions? 5. How do the polar regions change throughout the course of the year? 6. What is the evidence for ice ages? 7. How do glaciers shape the landscape? 8. Why do tourists visit Antarctica? 9. What does the future hold for the polar regions?	properties at the coast? 6. Why is Holderness the fastest eroding coastline in Europe?	the victim, offender, and the wider public? 4. What is the geography of the international drugs trade?	declining in Japan? 5. What happened in the Japan Tsunami? 6. Is Japan the most technologically advanced country in the world?
		Hi	story		
What did the public think of Hitler before WWII?	What is the human cost of war?	Women's History Month - What was the role of women in WWII?	Why did the USSR & USA enter a Cold war?	How effective was nonviolence during the Civil rights movement?	What happened in the 20th and 21st century?
1. Why did Germans dislike the Treaty of Versailles? 2. What were the early challenges to the Weimar Republic? 3. Was there happiness in the 1920s? 4. How did Stresemann help Germany recover? 5. What were the policies of the Nazi Party?	1. What is Anti-Semitism? 2. How did the experience of the Jews change? 3. What was life like in the Warsaw ghetto? 4. What was the final solution? 5. What was life like in a concentration camp? 6. What happened when people found	1. Who was Winston Churchill? 2. Dunkirk – Triumph or disaster? 3. What happened at the Battle of Britain? 4. What was it like to live during the Blitz? 5. Where the British right to bomb Dresden? 6. What happened in the Battle of the Atlantic? 7. What is D-Day?	1. What were the causes of the Cold war? 2. What happened at the Yalta and Potsdam conferences? 3. What was the Iron Curtain? 4. How did the Berlin Blockade increase tensions? 5. How did NATO and conflict in Korea increase tensions? 6. What were the	1. Why was there a Civil War in USA? 2. What were the Jim Crow Laws? 3. Is it possible to be separate but equal? 4. What happened in Little Rock? 5. Was the murder of Emmett Till a turning point? 6. Why was Rosa Parks significant? 7. Does Martin Luther King deserve to be	1. Why was Warrington bombed? 2. What happened on 9/11? 3. What were the consequences of 9/11? 4. Why was there a war in Syria? 5. What happened in the Manchester attack? 6. What is 'fake news'? 7. How did the corona virus change our lives?



6. Black History Month What was it like to be black in Nazi Germany? 7. What were the consequences of the Munich Putsch? 8. How did Hitler consolidate his power? 9. How did Hitler use propaganda to help him control Germany? 10. How did Hitler use terror to help him control Germany? 11. What methods did the Nazis use to maintain control of Germany 12. How did Hitler become the leader of Germany?	out about the Holocaust? 7. Why is it important to learn about the Holocaust? 8. How did Britain strike back against the Nazis?	8. What happened at Hiroshima?	effects of Hiroshima on the Cold War? 7. What was the Cuban Missile Crisis?	called a great man? 8. What was the significance of the Greensboro sit-ins? 9. Who were the important leaders of the civil rights movement?	
		RELIGIOUS	SEDUCATION		

Religion, Peace and Conflict	Religion & Social Justice	Religion, Relationships & family life
Religious work for peace	Prejudice, discrimination & human rights.	Compare family life in different religions
Causes of war	Gender equality	when does life begin?
The United Nations	cause & effect of poverty	marriage
Causes of war	Racism	same sex marriage
Bullying	charity	sex outside of marriage
Terrorism		religion and contraception



		Forgiveness & Recond	ciliation.				
		KEY STAGE 3					
		TEF	RM 1	TER	RM 2	TER	М 3
		Exploring Types of Training (Circuit)	Fitness- Exploring Types of Training (Interval)	FITNESS – Exploring Types of Training (Continuous)	FITNESS- Exploring Types of Training (Speed)	FITNESS – Exploring Types of Training (Plyometric)	FITNESS – Exploring Types of Training (Fartlek)
		Netball	Rugby	Tennis	Football	Swimming	Rounders
PHYSICAL EDUCATION	7	-Basic rules -Passing -Attacking -Footwork -Shooting -Defending -Centre pass -Horizontal Banding -Backline pass -Matches	-Ball Handling -Passing and receiving -Tackling -Maul -Rucking -Kicking -Game play	-Grip Technique -Timing and Striking -Forehand -Backhand -Mini Games -Serve -Diagonal Play -Lob Shots -Overhead Smash -Drop Shot -Singles -Doubles	-Dribbling -Passing -shooting -Turning -Possession -Position -Matches	-Learn to Swim -Learn new strokes -Time swimming -Races -Relays	-Fielding skills -Batting -Bowling Techniques -Barrier Techniques -Officiating -Batting and Feilding -match
		FITNESS – Exercise Intensities	FITNESS – Exercise Intensities	FITNESS – Components of Fitness	FITNESS – Components of Fitness	FITNESS – How fit are you? (Testing)	FITNESS – How fit are you? (Testing)
		HANDBALL	BADMINTON	FOOTBALL	GYMNASTICS	ATHLETICS Running	ORIENTEERING
	č	-Receiving the ball -Passing -Possession -shooting the ball	-The court -Serving -Scoring -Lets	-Dribbling -Passing -shooting -Turning	-Acrobatic gymnastics -Artistic gymnastics -Floor exercise	-To control running pace over a range of distancesLong / middle	-Map -Courses -Ability-based courses
		-Goalkeeper	-Racquets	-Possession	-Trampolining	Distance	-Safety



-Throw-off -Throw-in	-Shuttlecock	-Position -Matches	-Tournament	-Endurance Running -Spirit -Relay	-Personal clothing -Competing on a course
FITNESS – Designing a programme	FITNESS – Designing a programme	FITNESS – Implementing a programme	FITNESS - Implementing a programme	LEADERSHIP	LEADERSHIP
Basketball	Volleyball	Hockey	Badminton	Athletics	Cricket
-Rules and regulations -Rules -Position -Shooting -Rebound -Passing -Dribbling -Blocking -Game	-Set Shot -Dig Shot -Underarm Serve -Spike Shot -Three Touches -Matches	-Dribbling -Strike and stop -Push pass -Indian Dribbling -Block Tackle -Shooting -Flicks -Jab tackle -Revers Sweep -Goal keeping -Match play	-The court -Serving -Scoring -Lets -Racquets -Shuttlecock	-Shout Put -Discus -Long Jump -Triple jump	-Match structure and closure -Equipment -Clothing -Fielding -Bowling and dismissal -Batting, runs and extras -Umpires and scorers -Innings -Overs
		KEY STAGE 3			

KEY STAGE 3

SUBJECT AREA	TERM 1		TERM 2		TERM 3	
ART 7		inspired clay Sarah Graham Research		Blending, tints and tones Dry Mono print-birds-text		Final piece development from skills used, create



	Mark making and tests in sketchbooks Creating texture Henry Moore Artist Sheep in Pen Graphite Halloween. Remembrance-Fabric Poppy making for whole school dress. Observational Drawing using grid technique	Doughnut drawing. Design a Christmas image-KS3 competition Refinement of work, recap on skills learnt. Self-Assessment grid	Hot and cold colours Yoayoi Kusama response Kandinsky expressionism. Card sculpture	KS3 competition-design for Easter.	Michael Craig Martin Positive and negative	group final piece for the dining hall. Evaluate, Refine, enhance.
8	Title page on Day of the dead. Skeleton Mark making Marigold tonal drawing. Tonal ladder recap. Collage of skull. Frid Kahlo research Inspired drawing work, recap.	Remembrance recap of work in year 7 dress Design a Christmas image-KS3 competition. Final outcome finished, evaluate. Refinement of sketchbook.	collage technique in style of artist. Research insects-add facts to title page. Look at details in insects from boxes. Eugene Seguy artist research and drawing Mixed media insect Zentangle insect. Symmetry bug image using colour pencil. Learning Keywords.	Symmetry, detail and water colour focus. Scarab beetle research. Clay piece Sgrafitto piece. Dry mono print printing.	KS3 competition-design for Easter. Aboriginal Art research Mixed media aboriginal painting Testing of various painting medias	Landscapes and maps-title page Foreground, middle ground, background Landscape drawing Bob Ross Style painting
9	How to use equipment.	Looking at pop art style.	Optical Art title page and discussion.	Add to observational drawing of glass the pattern from the	Viewing exhibition, careers discussions.	Design ideas and Final piece based on



Tonal ladder Title	Use various mixed	Hand Illusion drawing	black and white	Street artists, some	studies of artists and
page influenced by	media-acrylic, paint	using tone.	images.	to develop a piece for	techniques.
artist My portrait-	pen, sharpies,			the art corridor	
proportion	collage.	Artist title page with	Final piece	others in book.	Text and font styles.
		illusion in	Doodle artist		
Focus on details of	Learning keywords.	monochrome.	research, title page.	Oil Pastel, ready mix,	Opting student paint
the face.				chromatic painting.	on mural Evaluate,
	Colour mixing flesh	Practise an Ellipse.	Own doodles using		Refine, enhance.
Reference to tone.	tones Design a	Draw from	shadow and		
Tonal ladder recap.	Christmas image-	observation a glass.	transforming objects.		
	Ks3 competition				
Detail of an eye.		Look at refraction of a	Look at surrealism.		
Reference to pop	Final outcome	straw in water.			
artist.	inspired by artist &				
	research. Refinemen				
Use various media.					
Remembrance					
recap of work in					
Year 7 dress.					
		VEV 07 4 05 0			

KEY STAGE 3

SUBJECT AREA	TERM 1		TERM 2		TERM 3	
	Music	Drama	Music	DT	Drama	Design Food Tech
	Learning about music	The elements of drama	Instruments of the Orchestra project.	Resistant materials woodwork– making a bird box and	Creating an original piece of theatre	Plan a healthy menu The UK



				plantors		
				planters		
					Marking with a	NA (1)
Expressive Arts (Design Technology, Food Technology, Drama and Music)	-The history of music -Types of music -Musical notes -Tempo -Seasonal Music -Practise and perform important Seasonal music -Composition and preform A Christmas Rap The history of music in	- Plot -Fractured narrative. -Linear and non-linear plots -Characters -Action in drama -Content Textiles	Watch David Garret – Pirates of the Caribbean performance, -Orchestral covers of pop songs – Grenade; Bruno Mars. Copland - Fanfare for the Common Man, Appalachian Spring. -Research project and try different instruments. -Mood composition focussing on instrument choice, pitch, tempo, dynamics.	Equipment – what am I and what am I used for. -Learn about different types of wood. -Using rulers correctly, measuring using cm and mm -Health and safety in the workplace practice-using handheld tools.	-Working with a stimulus -Discussion and planning -The audience -Style -Setting -Practical exploration -Create your own play, script and performance	-What am I - equipment in the kitchen? -Health and safetyDietary requirementsGreat Britain cheese -Great Britain cereals -Plan a menu of traditional food from the UK -Make food from England, Scotland, and Wales. European



England		Designing a production	Music and Film/ Media	interpreting a character	
-Learn traditional songs from the UK -Brit Awards – Music Critic role. -Develop performance skills based on the Brit Awards. -Listening and presentation of research and review. -Performance of a piece from the Brit Awards – solo or ensemble	-Textiles from around the world -Clothes from the past -Sewing stitches -Joining and forming fibres and fabrics types of fabrics Felt work -Upcycling clothes Design an item of clothing	-Production design set and props lighting music sound costume -Set and the set designer -Working with a model box -Lights and the lighting designer -Music and sound -Costume design -Using digital technology	-Listen to and discuss music by John Williams etc Compose music for a range of film genre – visual inspiration given. -Composition and performance of a piece based on a Movie- responding to an image using a variety of musical skills to create a suitable composition. -Research of their favourite musical performer/ band. -Written piece of work based upon research task alongside a performance of a piece by their favourite artist/band.	How performers use their body -body language -eye contact -facial expressions -gait -gesture -pace -quality of movement -space Specialist skills and physical tension -mask work -mime -physical theatre -dance -stage combat ensemble movement	-Health and safety. -Dietary requirements -Plan a menu of traditional food from Europe -Choose 3 different counties and cook a starter, main and dessert from each.



Jazz and blue	Design Engineering	Vocal interpretation of a character	Careers in Music –Journalism.	The world of the play - Macbeth	Around the World
The Blues – listen to examples from BB King, Muddy Waters etc Instrumentation Call and Response 12 Bar Blues Improvisation Blues Scale Solo Performance Ensemble performance Class Band. Rhythm work. Using a Blues in C, create a piece with a range of different parts –bass or walking bass, chords, melody, improvisation	The Engineering cycle Components & characteristic of electronics components & characteristic of mechanisms addition in electronics famous designer & engineers project – making a mini light.	How performers use their voice	Research journalism on current popular music festivals and written presentation alongside a developing a performance piece for a music festival of their choice.	Understanding the story Reinterpreting Shakespeare Social, historical and cultural context in Macbeth Reinterpreting the play Society Putting the play's context on stage The setting of a play Language Performing true to context	Where does food come from? Seasonal food How far did my food travel? Fair trade Plan a menu of food from each continent, make, taste and compare.



			KEY STAGE 3			
SUBJECT AREA	TE	RM 1	TER	M 2	TER	RM 3
	Families	Respectful relationships, including friendship	Online and media	Being safe		cual relationships, exual health



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- That there are different types of committed, stable relationships.
- How these relationships might contribute to human happiness and their importance for bringing up children.
- What marriage is, including its legal status.
- Why marriage is an important relationship choice for many couples and why it must be freely entered into.
- The characteristics and legal status of other types of longterm relationships.
- The roles and responsibilities of parents with respect to raising children, including the characteristics of successful parenting.

- The characteristics of positive and healthy friendships.
- Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships.
- How stereotypes, in particular stereotypes based on sex, gender, race, religion, sexual orientation or disability, can cause damage.
- That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others
- About different types of bullying.
- That some types of behaviour within relationships are criminal.
- What constitutes sexual harassment and sexual violence.

- Their rights, responsibilities and opportunities online.
- About online risks, particularly that any material someone provides to another has the potential to be shared online.
- Not to provide material to others that they would not want shared further.
- What to do and where to get support to report material or manage issues online.
- The impact of viewing harmful content.
- That specifically sexually explicit material (i.e. pornography) presents a distorted picture of sexual behaviours.
- That sharing and viewing indecent images of children is a criminal offence

- The concepts of, and laws relating to: sexual consent, sexual exploitation, abuse, grooming, coercion, harassment, rape, domestic abuse, forced marriage, honour-based violence and FGM, and how these can affect current and future relationships.
- How people can actively communicate and recognise consent from others, including sexual consent, and how and when consent can be withdrawn (in all contexts, including online)

- How to recognise the characteristics and positive aspects of healthy one-to-one intimate relationships, which include mutual respect, consent, loyalty, trust, shared interests and outlook, sex and friendship.
- That all aspects of health can be affected by choices made relating to sex and relationships, both positively and negatively, including physical, emotional, mental, sexual and reproductive health and wellbeing.
- The facts about reproductive health, including fertility, the menopause, and the potential impacts of lifestyle on fertility for men and women.
- That there are a range of strategies for identifying and managing sexual pressure, including understanding peer pressure, resisting pressure and not pressurising others.
- That they have a choice to delay sex or to enjoy intimacy without sex.
- The facts about the full range of contraceptive choices, efficacy and options available.
- The facts around pregnancy, including miscarriage.
- That there are choices in relation to pregnancy. This should include medically and legally accurate, impartial information on all options, including keeping the baby, adoption,



		 The legal rights 	which carries severe		abortion and where to get further help.
	o	and responsibilities	penalties, including		
			jail.		
	Mental we	ellbeing			Staying Healthy
				ty and harms	
• Hov	ow to talk about the	ir emotions	 The similarities and d 	ifferences between the	The positive associations between physical
accu	curately and sensitiv	ely, using	online world and the physical world,		activity and promotion of mental wellbeing,
appr	oropriate vocabular	у.	including: the impact of unhealthy or		including as an approach to combat stress.
			obsessive comparison	with others online	
• Tho	nat happiness is linke	ed to being	(including through sett	ing unrealistic	
conn	nected to others.		expectations for body	image), how people	The characteristics and evidence of what
			may curate a specific i	mage of their life	constitutes a healthy lifestyle and maintaining
• Hov	ow to recognise the	early signs of	online, over-reliance o	n online relationships	a healthy weight, including the links between
men ⁻	ntal wellbeing conce	erns.	including social media, the risks related to		an inactive lifestyle and ill health, such as
			online gambling includ	ing the accumulation	cancer and cardiovascular ill-health.
8 · Cor	ommon types of mei	ntal ill health (e.g.	of debt, how advertisir		
anxie	kiety and depression	n).	targeted at them and	how to be a discerning	 About the science relating to blood, organ
			consumer of informati	on online.	and stem cell donation.
• Hov	ow to critically evalu	uate when			
some	nething they do or a	re involved in has a			How to maintain healthy eating and the links
	sitive or negative eff		 How to identify harm 	nful behaviours online	between a poor diet and health risks,
•	ers' mental health.		•	ise or harassment) and	including tooth decay and cancer
			how to report, or find s		
• The	he benefits and imp	ortance of physical	been affected by those	• •	How different sexually transmitted
	rcise, time outdoors	• • •	,		infections (STIs), including HIV/AIDs, are
	rticipation and volun	•			transmitted, how risk can be reduced through



based activities on mental wellbeing and happiness.		safer sex (including thr the importance of and	rough condom use) and facts about testing.
Drugs, alcohol and tobacco	Health and prevention	Basic first aid	Changing adolescent body
 The facts about legal and illegal drugs and their associated risks, including the link to serious mental health conditions. The law relating to the supply and possession of illegal substances. The physical and psychological risks associated with alcohol consumption and what constitutes low risk alcohol consumption in adulthood. The physical and psychological consequences of addiction, including alcohol dependency. Awareness of the dangers of prescribed drugs and that they can still present serious health risks. The facts about the harms from smoking tobacco (particularly the link to lung cancer), the benefits of quitting and how to access support to do so 	 About personal hygiene, including germs, bacteria and viruses, how they are spread, treatment and prevention of infection, and about antibiotics. About dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including healthy eating and regular checkups at the dentist. The benefits of regular self-examination and screening. The facts and science relating to immunisation and vaccination. The importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and how a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn. 	 Basic treatment for common injuries. Life-saving skills, including how to administer CPR. The purpose of defibrillators and when one might be needed. Complete first aid training 	 Key facts about puberty, the changing adolescent body and menstrual wellbeing. The main changes which take place in males and females, and the implications for emotional and physical health. About the prevalence of some STIs, the impact they can have on those who contract them and key facts about treatment. How to get further advice, including how and where to access confidential sexual



						and reproductive			
						health advice and			
						treatment			
	KEY STAGE 3								
SUBJECT AREA	TE	RM 1	TEI	RM 2	TER	TERM 3			
	Rhythm Work	Key piece 3	Programme Music	Instruments of the Orchestra project	Research Project and try different instruments	Compose music for a range of film genre – visual inspiration given.			
	-Rhythm games Introduction of key words.	Catchy Tunes. Understanding the key features of a Catchy	 (Music from the Romantic Era). Carnival of the	Watch David Garret – Pirates of the Caribbean performance,	Key piece 3: Mood composition focussing on instrument choice, pitch, tempo,	Key piece 1: Composition and performance of a piece based on a			
	-Development of performance skills – focussing on accuracy, fluency and playing in time with a beat.	Tune, be able to recognise one. Compose a catchy tune and perform.	Animals by Saint Saens. • Pictures at a Museum by Mussorgsky.	Orchestral covers of pop songs – Grenade; Bruno Mars. Copland – Fanfare for the Common Man, Appalachian Spring	dynamics. Music and Film/ Media Listen to and discuss music by John	Movie- responding to an image using a variety of musical skills to create a suitable composition. Research of their			
MUSIC	Key piece 1: Performance: Selecting appropriate pieces, practising them and performing to the class. pentatonic composition work. Listen to Pentatonic pieces. How does Music	Seasonal Music – Practise and perform important Seasonal music Key piece 4: Composition: Christmas Rap.	• The Sorcerors Apprentice by Dukas. Key piece 1: Composition: Introduction on how to 'paint the picture' of an animal through Music. Key piece 2: Composition:		Williams etc	favourite musical performer/ band. Key piece 2: Written piece of work based upon research task alongside a performance of a piece by their favourite artist/band			
	create a scary atmosphere?		Responding to an image using a variety						



Key piece 2:Composition: Responding to the brief of composing a piece of Music to create a scary atmosphere		of musical skills to create a suitable composition.			
What is a Remix?	Ringtones/Seaso nal Music	Revisit Ringtones	Chords	Form and Structure in Music	Careers in Music - Journalism
Rey piece 1: Performance and remix skills (Pitch based activity) – create a remix of Pachelbel's Canon. Remix pop songs. Key piece 2: Performance and remix skills based on popular songs (can also be rhythm based activity)	Ringtones -discuss qualities/ characteristics/ remixes. Key piece 3: Composition Creation of Music for a new phone. How does Music work within a horror film? How can Music manipulate emotions and reactions? Seasonal Music Key piece 4 - Performance of Seasonal Music - develop solo and ensemble	Revisit Ringtones and understanding their musical characteristics. Compare and contrast different companies/ ringtone qualities. Listen to Apple ringtones and remixes and discuss key features. Discuss importance of pitch, tempo, repetition, instrumentation, dynamics, sense of style, texture – polyphonic focus.	Key piece 2: Performance Learn to play a popular piece of music with accuracy, fluency and a sense of style. Developing understanding of chords. Listen to examples of pieces that are homophonic and chord based. Discussion of what a chord is, how to make one and chord progressions.	Form and Structure in Music – Ternary form. Rondo Form Theme and Variation Ostinato Key piece 1: Composition and performance of a piece in Ternary form. Key piece 2: Composition and performance of a piece in Rondo Form.	Research and present work based on a decade of Music. Key piece 3: Presentation of a written piece based on Music from a selected decade alongside a performance of a piece from their chosen decade.



		performance skills. Composition of own Christmas themed piece. (Instrumental and /or vocal.)	Key piece 1: Composition – professional career based brief: Compose an original Polyphonic Ringtone for a mobile phone company.	Key piece 3: Composition Compose a triad based piece with a given chord structure.		
	The Blues	Music in the Media	Revisit Stomp listening and composition work	Chord song project:	Brit Awards	Revisit Reggae topic
0)	Listen to examples from BB King, Muddy Waters etc Instrumentation Call and Response 12 Bar Blues Improvisation	Cartoons, films. Listen to examples eg Tom and Jerry, Lion King etc. Create their own piece for a scene in a movie.	Compare with the Blue Man Group and none professional percussive performance groups. Discuss key features.	Watch and discuss the performance by Axis of Awesome. Revise what a chord is and how they are created. Key piece 2:	Brit Awards – Music Critic role. Develop performance skills based on the Brit Awards. Key piece 1: Listening and presentation of	Key characteristics, listening skills, develop performance skills within Reggae. Develop playing off beat rhythms.
	Blues scale Solo	Key piece 2:	Develop rhythmical and percussive skills	performance and arrangement.	research and review.	Key piece 3 : Research journalism



performance	Composition – create	using specified	Performance of a 4	Key piece 2:	on current popular
	music for a story/	techniques.	chord repeating	Performance of a	music festivals and
Ensemble	scene from a film or	'	pattern with an	piece from the Brit	written presentation
performance Clas			arrangement of songs	· ·	alongside a
Band.		Key piece 1:	layered over - in the	ensemble	developing a
		Composition:	style of Axis of		performance piece
Rhythm work.		compose an original	Awesome.		for a music festival of
		Stomp style piece			their choice.
Key piece 1:		incorporating	Development of		
Performance:		specified musical	performance skills		
Mastering a		characteristics.	using appropriate		
performance of 'T	ne		equipment -		
Creepy Blues			keyboard, voice,		
Key piece 2:			ukulele, drum-kit,		
Performance and			guitar.		
Improvisation –					
Using a Blues in C			Key piece 3: perform		
create a piece with			of a given piece		
a range of differen	nt		demonstrating		
parts -bass or			accuracy, fluency and		
walking bass,			a sense of style		
chords, melody,					
improvisation.					

Key stage 3



	TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3	
	French	Spanish	German	
	-Greetings -Festivals -Families -Weather -Food & drink - ordering in a restaurant -Christmas	-Greetings -Festivals -Families -Weather -Food & drink - ordering in a restaurant -Christmas	-Greetings -Festivals -Families -Weather -Food & drink - ordering in a restaurant -Christmas	
	-My house -Places in town B -Directions -Sports -Hobbies	-My house -Places in town -Directions -Sports -Hobbies	-My house -Places in town -Directions -Sports -Hobbies	
	-Verbs -Adjectives -Past and present tense -Connectors and conjunctions	-Verbs -Adjectives -Past and present tense -Connectors and conjunctions	-Verbs -Adjectives -Past and present tense -Connectors and conjunctions	